Sl No.	Name of the City	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94
11.	Lucknow	190.17	186.49	382.31
12.	Madras	432.99	494.51	593.36
13.	Meerut	155 53	194.99	191.50
14.	Nagpur	256.32	290.92	322.16
15.	Patna	148.97	174.31	164.45
16.	Pune	371.89	448.01	375.30
	TOTAL :	8059.35	8834.92	11887.49

World AIDS Day, 1994

2289. SHRI TINDIVANAM G. VENKATARAMAN :
SHRI HIPHEI :

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether 'World AIDS Day' was observed on 1st December, 1994;

(b) if so, the details thereof with background for such celebration;

(c) whether Government have highlighted the factors responsible for spread of AIDS amongst the people on this day;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and if not, the reasons therfor;

(e) whether it is a fact that transmission of the AIDS inducing HIV virus is shifting from high risk groups to low risk groups of population of the country;

(f) whether a large number of people are suffering with AIDS;

(g) if so, the State and Territory-wise details thereof with preliminary symptoms;

(h) whether Government have announced some AIDS prevention measures on "World AIDS Day"; and

(i) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND) : (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. A series of activities such as public meetings, seminars, allies by Government and non-Government Organisations were organised on the occasion of World AIDS Day—1994.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. The modes of transmision and manners of prevention were highlighted. The accent was on generation of awareness and knowledge in all these programmes.

(e) Yes, Sir. There are instances of percolation of HIV infection from high-risk behaviourer groups to others.

(f) and (g) 905 AIDS cases have been reported from the States/UTs as on 30-11-94. State and Territroy-wise details are annexed as Statement (See below). The predominent infections observed in these AIDS cases are tuberculosis and candidiasis (a fungal infection).

(h) and (i) A comprehensive national AIDS Control programme is currently under implementation throughout the country. The programme consist of generation of awareness amongst high risk behaviour groups and the general public prevention and control of STD, promotion of condom, use of prevention of STD, HIV, blood safety and rational use of blood and better facilities for surveillance, diagnosis and management of HIV/AIDS cases.

Statement

National Aids Control Programme, India

AIDs Cases in India (Reported to NACO)
(as on 30th November, 1994)

S. No.	State/Union Territory	AIDs Cases
1.	Andhara Pradesh	1
2.	Assam	2
3.	Delhi	61
4.	Goa	12
5.	Gujarat	18
6.	Haryana	1
7.	Himachal Pradesh	9
8.	Jammu & Kashmir	2
9.	Kerala	76
10.	Madhya Pradesh	21
11.	Maharashtra	280
12.	Manipur	68
13.	Pondicherry	6
14.	Punjab/Chandigarh	47
15.	Rajasthan	1
16.	Tamil Nadu	237
17.	Uttar Pradesh	8
18.	West Bengal	26
19.	Karnataka	26
20.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1
21.	Orissa	2
	TOTAL :	905

Quality Control in Blood Banks

2290. SHRI IQBAL SINGH : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) the number of blood banks functioning in the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof as on date, location-wise;

(c) the number of blood banks, functioning at present under Government/private organisations;

(d) if so, the details thereof, category-wise; and

(e) what measures have been taken by Government to maintain quality control on blood in the blood banks?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) to (d) A Statement is annexed (*See* below).

(e) Regulatory mechanism have been tightened to ensure supply of prescribed quality blood by the blood banks.

Government have also established 150 Zonal Blood Testing Centres where the blood banks can send samples of donated blood and set them tested for the presence of HIV antibodies.

Statement

Sl. No.	Name of the State/UT	No. of Licenced Blood Banks		No. of Unlicensed Blood Banks		Total	Remarks
		Govt.	Pvt.	Govt.	Pvt.		
1.	A & N Island	1	—	—	—	1	
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	—	—	13 (Transfusion Centres)	1(Transfusion Centre)	14	
3.	Assam	—	—	6	—	6	
4.	Andhra Pradesh	6	48	39	—	93	
5.	Bihar	14	21	—	—	35	
6.	Chandigarh (UT)	2	—	—	—	2	
7.	Delhi	13	15	—	—	28	
8.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	—	—	—	
9.	Daman & Diu	—	—	—	—	—	
10.	Gujarat	46	70	—	—	116	
11.	Goa	4	3	—	—	7	
12.	Haryana	11	1	—	—	12	
13.	Himachal Pradesh	11	—	7	—	18	
14.	Jammu & Kashmir	1	—	4	—	5	
15.	Kerala	7	28	30	11 (Emergency Transfusion Centres)	76	
16.	Karnataka	4	49	22	—	75	
17.	Lakshadweep	—	—	—	—	—	
18.	Maharashtra	68	121	—	—	189	
19.	Madhya Pradesh	4	17	17	—	38	
20.	Meghalaya	1	2	—	—	3	
21.	Mizoram	2	2	—	—	4	
22.	Nagaland	1	—	—	—	1	
23.	Orissa	8	13	27 (Red-Cross)	—	48	
24.	Manipur	2	—	—	—	2	
25.	Pondicherry	2	—	—	—	2	
26.	Punjab	17	8	26	7 (Under Court Order)	58	
27.	Rajasthan	5	—	30	—	35	
28.	Sikkim	1	—	1	—	2	
29.	Tamil Nadu	27	74	60	—	161	
30.	Tripura	—	—	5	—	5	
31.	Uttar Pradesh	2	33	—	—	35	
32.	West Bengal	53	23	12	—	88	
	TOTAL	313	528	299	19	1159	